

St Paul's CE Academy

Topic: Textiles

Year: 3

Term: 3

<u>Key Vocabulary</u>	<u>Definition</u>
Natural	Natural things exist or occur in nature and are not made or caused by people.
Synthetic	Synthetic products are made from chemicals or artificial substances rather than from natural ones.
Dip	To put something into liquid for a short time, so that only part of it is covered, and take it out again.
Soak	To put something into a liquid and leave it there.
Thread	If you thread a long thin object through something, you pass it through one or more holes or narrow spaces.
Stitch	If you stitch cloth, you use a needle and thread to join two pieces together or to make a decoration.
Embroidery	Embroidery consists of designs stitched into cloth.



Key Questions:

- Can you name different fabrics?
- What is the best fabric for a specific job? -e.g. umbrella/sun hat/shopping bag
- Can you name different ways of joining materials?
- Describe what 'sewing' is?
- What materials are needed to make a bag.
- Is it fit for purpose? discuss difficulties and successes.

What should I already know?

- Draw lines of different sizes and thickness.
- Colour own work neatly, following the lines.
- Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines.
- Show different tones by using coloured pencils.
- Use weaving to create a pattern.
- Join materials using glue and/or a stitch.
- Use plaiting.
- Use dip dye techniques.

What will I know at the end of the unit?

- Use different types of pencil to show line, tone and texture.
- Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas.
- Sketch lightly and refrain from using a rubber to correct mistakes.
- Use shading to show light and shadow.
- Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture.
- Shape and stitch materials.
- Use basic cross stitch and back stitch.
- Colour fabric.
- Create weavings.