

First Aid Policy

Date Agreed:	December 2023
Review Date:	December 2024
Type of Policy:	DCAT Statutory Policy

Revision	Date	Prepared	Approved	Personalised	Comments
Number	Issued	by		by school	
2	Dec 23	JH/JS			Key Model policy & UK
					concussion guidelines for
					grassroots sport
I	Nov 22	JH/JS	ТВ		Key Model policy &
					elements of Trust school
					policies

Type of Policy	Tick √
DCAT Statutory Policy	✓
DCAT Non-statutory Policy	

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Introduction

Our **vision** for our Trust is we exist to:

Help every child achieve their God-given potential

Our aims are clear. We aim to be a Trust in which:

Developing the whole child means pupils achieve and maximise their potential

Continued development of staff is valued and improves education for young people

All schools are improving and perform above national expectations

The distinct Christian identity of each academy develops and is celebrated

Our work as a Trust is underpinned by shared **values**. They are taken from the Church of England's vision for Education and guide the work of Trust Centre team. They are:

Aspiration

I can do all things through Christ who strengthens me (Philippians 4 vs 13).

Wisdom

Listen to advice and accept discipline, and at the end you will be counted among the wise (Proverbs 19 vs 20)

Respect

So in everything do to others what you would have them do to you (Matthew 7 vs 12)

Our vision of helping every child achieve their God-given potential is aligned with the Church of England's vision for education and is underpinned by the Bible verse from John: I have come that they may have life, and have it to the full.

I. Policy Aims

The aims of our first aid policy are to:

- Ensure the health and safety of all staff, pupils and visitors
- Ensure that staff, trustees and local governors are aware of their responsibilities with regards to health and safety
- Provide a framework for responding to an incident and recording and reporting the outcomes

This policy covers first aid for pupils, staff and visitors. In the case of staff and visitors, the school will endeavour to contact their emergency contact if necessary.

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the <u>Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage</u>, advice from the Department for Education on <u>first aid in schools</u> and <u>health and safety in schools</u>, guidance from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) on <u>incident reporting in schools</u>, and the following legislation:

- The Health and Safety (First-Aid) Regulations 1981, which state that employers must provide adequate and appropriate equipment and facilities to enable first aid to be administered to employees, and qualified first aid personnel
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992, which require employers to make an assessment of the risks to the health and safety of their employees
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training
- The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR)

 2013, which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept
- Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, which set out rules on the retention of accident records
- The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014, which require that suitable space is provided to cater for the medical and therapy needs of pupils

Definitions

- **Accident**: an event that results in injury or ill health
- Dangerous occurrence: one of a number of specific, reportable adverse events, as defined in the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013 (RIDDOR)
- Emergency Services The fire brigade, the police, and the ambulance service collectively, especially when mobilised to deal with emergencies
- **First aid** Basic emergency medical treatment given to somebody who is ill or injured, given before more thorough medical attention can be obtained
- First Aider someone who has successfully completed a Health and Safety Executive (HSE) approved training course and holds a current first aid certificate and is qualified to give first aid
- Incident:
 - o **near miss**: an event not causing harm, but has the potential to cause injury or ill health (in this guidance, the term near miss will include dangerous occurrences)

This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

3. Roles and Responsibilities

In schools with Early Years Foundation Stage provision, at least I person who has a current paediatric first aid (PFA) certificate must be on the premises at all times.

Beyond this, in all settings – and dependent upon an assessment of first aid needs – employers must usually have a sufficient number of suitably trained first aiders to care for employees in case they are injured at work. However, the minimum legal requirement is to have an 'appointed person' to take charge of first aid arrangements, provided your assessment of need has taken into account the nature of employees' work, the number of staff, and the layout and location of the school. The appointed person does not need to be a trained first aider.

Section 3.1 below sets out the expectations of appointed persons and first aiders as set out in the 1981 first aid regulations and the DfE guidance listed in section 2.

St Paul's arrangements for first aid for any staff who work outside of the core hours are that Kristina McDonald Site Assistant has a I day emergency at work first aid qualification and Neely Henshaw operations Manager has a full 3 day first aid qualification. The cleaners are an external company who have their own first aid provisions.

First aid arrangements for people working when the school is shut should be covered in the Health and Safety Policy (section 2.14)

3.1 Appointed person(s) and first aiders

The school's appointed persons are Helen Wallbank and Neely Henshaw. They are responsible for:

- A risk assessment of first aid needs of pupils, staff and visitors.
- Taking charge when someone is injured or becomes ill
- Ensuring there is an adequate supply of medical materials in first aid kits, and replenishing the contents of these kits
- Ensuring that an ambulance or other professional medical help is summoned when appropriate
- Ensuring that first aid arrangements in school are clearly on display in prominent and high
 risk areas which include the process for summoning a first aider. (please see appendix 3)

First aiders are trained and qualified to carry out the role (see section 7) and are responsible for:

- Acting as first responders to any incidents; they will assess the situation where there is an
 injured or ill person, and provide immediate and appropriate treatment
- Sending pupils home to recover, where necessary
- Complete an accident or incident report on the same day, or as soon as is reasonably practicable, after an incident on the Handsam incident reporting system.
- Keeping their contact details up to date

Our school's first aiders are listed in <u>appendix 1</u>. Their names will also be displayed prominently around the school.

3.2 The Trust and local governing body

The Diocese of Chichester Academy Trust (DCAT) has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school, but delegates responsibility for monitoring of local arrangements to the school's Local Governing Body (LGB).

The Trust delegates operational matters and day-to-day tasks to the co - head teachers and staff members.

3.3 The Co - Head teachers

The Co - head teachers are responsible for the implementation of this policy, including:

- Ensuring that an appropriate number of trained first aid personnel are present in the school at all times
- Ensuring that first aiders have an appropriate qualification, keep training up to date and remain competent to perform their role
- Ensuring all staff are aware of first aid procedures
- Ensuring appropriate risk assessments are completed and appropriate measures are put in place
- Undertaking, or ensuring that managers undertake, risk assessments, as appropriate, and that appropriate measures are put in place
- Ensuring that adequate space is available for catering to the medical needs of pupils (please see appendix 3)
- Ensuring that specified incidents are reported to the HSE when necessary (see section 6)

3.4 Staff

School staff are responsible for:

- Ensuring they follow first aid procedures
- Ensuring they know who the first aiders in school are
- Reporting to Neely Henshaw Operations Manager any accident or incident that requires an accident or incident report to be completed on the Handsam incident reporting system on the same day, or as soon as is reasonably practicable, after an incident.
- Informing the Co head teachers or their manager of any specific health conditions or first aid needs

4. First Aid Procedures

4.1 In-school procedures

In the event of an accident resulting in injury:

- The closest member of staff present will assess the seriousness of the injury and seek the assistance of a qualified first aider, if appropriate, who will provide the required first aid treatment
- The first aider, if called, will assess the injury and decide if further assistance is needed from a colleague or the emergency services. They will remain on the scene until help arrives
- The first aider will also decide whether the injured person should be moved or placed in a recovery position
- If the decision is to call an ambulance, the First Aider is to arrange for a second person to call the emergency services and inform the Responsible Person. The First Aider should be

- the one to speak to the emergency services to ensure full information about the injury can be accurately relayed. If emergency services are called, a member of the front office team will contact parents immediately.
- The first aider will complete an accident report form, on the medical tracker (for children) or report the incident to Neely Henshaw who will complete an accident form on Handsam incident reporting system, on the same day or as soon as is reasonably practical after an incident resulting in an injury. Please see appendix 4.
- There will be at least I person who has a current paediatric first aid (PFA) certificate on the premises at all times.
- If the first aider judges that a pupil is too unwell to remain in school, they must be collected by the appropriate emergency contact (adult) on their pupil file. Upon their arrival, the first aider will recommend next steps to the parents. If the school is unable to contact the parents, we will continue to call next of kin's listed on arbor and the first aider or front office staff will remain with the child until collected.
- If any staff member is advised to leave work due to ill-health or injury, after receiving First Aid, an assessment should be made of the patient's fitness to drive. If deemed unfit they should be collected by an appropriate person or provided with suitable alternative transport.

Concussion

Concussion can be caused by a direct blow to the head but can also occur when knocks to other parts of the body result in rapid movement (e.g. whiplash type injuries). Loss of consciousness (being "knocked out") occurs in less than 10% of concussions and is not required to diagnose concussion, however, anyone who loses consciousness because of a head injury has had a concussion

Concussion can affect people in 4 main areas:

- Physical e.g. headaches, dizziness, vision changes
- Mental Processing e.g. not thinking clearly, feeling slowed down
- Mood e.g. short tempered, sad, emotional
- Sleep e.g. not being able to sleep or sleeping too much

The first symptoms of concussion typically appear immediately or within minutes of injury, but may be delayed and appear over the first 24-48 hours following a head injury. Over the next several days, additional symptoms may become apparent (e.g. mood changes, sleep disorders, problems with concentration)

While the <u>UK Concussion Guidelines for Non-Elite (Grassroots) Sport</u> have been developed with sporting injuries in mind, they should be followed in relation to any potential concussion, using the strapline "if in doubt, sit them out". The guidance includes the visible clues (signs) and symptoms of <u>concussion</u>.

Following a head injury, if the child is showing no symptoms of concussion and deemed well enough to return to class, adults in class must continue to observe them all day. If there are signs of concussion, the child needs to be taken to hospital. No one should return to sport (including training or PE lessons) within 24 hours of a suspected concussion. Anyone with a suspected

concussion should NOT drive a motor vehicle or operate machinery within 24 hours of a suspected concussion.

Administration of medicines

Please refer to the Supporting Children with Medical Conditions Policy for more information on this.

Defibrillators (AEDs)

A defibrillator is a machine that administers a controlled electric shock to the chest or heart to correct a critically irregular heartbeat that cannot drive the circulation. The DfE has plans to ensure there is a device in every school by the end of the 2022/23 academic year. For further information, please click here – <u>Automated External Defibrillators (AEDs) – A guide for Schools.</u>

AEDs are designed to be used by someone without any specific training, following step by step instructions on the AED at the time of use. If a school decides to provide a defibrillator it is important that those who use it are appropriately trained. It may be sufficient for schools to circulate manufacturer's instructions to all staff and to provide a short general awareness briefing session in order to meet their statutory obligation. However, DCAT encourages all schools to access free or local training in the use of AEDs and CPR.

Further information on voluntary organisations that also offer training can be found in the <u>above</u> <u>guidance</u>. It will be the school's responsibility to identify which staff attend this training.

4.2 Off-site procedures

When taking pupils off the school premises, staff will ensure they always have the following:

- A mobile phone
- A portable first aid kit please see appendix 2
- Information about the specific medical needs of pupils
- The Staff on the trip will call the school in the event of an emergency and the school will contact the parents, if any accidents happen whilst on the trip the information will be uploaded to medical tracker upon there return.

When transporting pupils using a minibus or other large vehicle, the school will make sure the vehicle is equipped with a clearly marked first aid box - please see appendix 2

Risk assessments will be completed as per the educational and off site visits policy prior to any educational visit that necessitates taking pupils off school premises.

For trips involving children in the EYFS stage there will always be at least I first aider with a current paediatric first aid (PFA) certificate on school trips and visits, as required by the statutory framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage.

For all other trips there will always be at least I first aider on school trips and visits.

5. First Aid Equipment

Please see appendix 2 for what a typical first aid kit in our school will contain. No medication is kept in first aid kits.

First aid kits are stored in the following locations. A copy of this information should be shared with staff and displayed in appropriate places in school:

- The medical room
- The school hall
- The Pier
- The Harbour entrance
- The school kitchens
- The deck

6. Record-keeping and reporting

St Paul's CE Academy uses medical tracker to record first aid incidents and accidents for children and Handsam for staff/ Visitors. This is in addition to the recording of serious incidents and accidents on the Handsam incident reporting system.

6.1 First aid log and accident report records

- A first aid log or accident record will be completed by the first aider on the same day or as soon as possible after an incident resulting in an injury. As much detail as possible should be supplied when recording.
- For accidents involving pupils, a copy of the accident report form will also be added to the pupil's educational record by the Administration Officer.
- A copy of the first aid log or accident record will be retained by the school for a minimum of 3 years, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979.

6.2 Reporting to the HSE

The Operations Manager will keep a record on the Handsam incident reporting system of any accident which results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The Operations Manager will report these to the HSE as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident – except where indicated below. Fatal and major injuries and dangerous occurrences will be reported without delay (i.e. by telephone) and followed up in writing within 10 days.

School staff: reportable injuries or dangerous occurrences

These include:

- Death
- Specified injuries, which are:
 - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
 - Amputations

- Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
- Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
- Serious burns (including scalding) which:
 - o Covers more than 10% of the whole body's total surface area; or
 - o Causes significant damage to the eyes, respiratory system or other vital organs
- Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
- Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
- Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
- Work-related injuries that lead to an employee being away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days (not including the day of the incident). In this case, the Operations Manager will report these to the HSE as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event within 15 days of the accident
- Occupational diseases where a doctor has made a written diagnosis that the disease is linked to occupational exposure. These include:
 - Carpal tunnel syndrome
 - Severe cramp of the hand or forearm
 - Occupational dermatitis, e.g. from exposure to strong acids or alkalis, including domestic bleach
 - Hand-arm vibration syndrome
 - Occupational asthma, e.g from wood dust
 - o Tendonitis or tenosynovitis of the hand or forearm
 - o Any occupational cancer
 - o Any disease attributed to an occupational exposure to a biological agent
- Near-miss events that do not result in an injury, but could have done. Examples of near-miss
 events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
 - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
 - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
 - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
 - An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion

Pupils and other people who are not at work (e.g. visitors): reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences

These include:

- Death of a person that arose from, or was in connection with, a work activity*
- An injury that arose from, or was in connection with, a work activity* and the person is taken directly from the scene of the accident to hospital for treatment

*An accident "arises out of" or is "connected with a work activity" if it was caused by:

- A failure in the way a work activity was organised (e.g. inadequate supervision of a field trip)
- The way equipment or substances were used (e.g. lifts, machinery, experiments etc); and/or
- The condition of the premises (e.g. poorly maintained or slippery floors)

Information on how to make a RIDDOR report is available here:

How to make a RIDDOR report, HSE

http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm

6.3 Communicable and Notifiable Diseases

Communicable diseases are illnesses that spread from one person to another or from an animal to a person, or from a surface or a food. Diseases can be transmitted through:

- Direct contact with a sick person
- Respiratory droplet spread from a sick person sneezing or coughing
- Contact with blood or other body fluids
- Breathing in viruses or bacteria in the air
- Contact with a contaminated surface or object
- Bites from insects or animals that can transmit the disease
- Ingestion of contaminated food or water

Children, pupils and staff who are showing the symptoms of an infectious disease or have been diagnosed by a health professional should be advised to stay away from school for the minimum period recommended, if required, and until well enough. This includes COVID-19 and pupils and staff should self-isolate based on government guidance.

Reporting to the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA)

The UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA, formerly Public Health England) aims to detect possible outbreaks of disease and epidemics as rapidly as possible. Contact the relevant UKHSA HPT for advice if you are concerned and/or have seen:

- a higher than previously experienced and/or rapidly increasing number of staff or student absences due to the same infection[footnote 2]
- evidence of severe disease due to an infection, for example if a child, young person or staff member is admitted to hospital [footnote 3]
- more than one infection circulating in the same group of children, young people and staff for example chicken pox and scarlet fever
- an outbreak or serious or unusual illness for example:
 - E.coli 0157 or E. coli STEC infection
 - food poisoning
 - hepatitis
 - <u>measles</u>, <u>mumps</u>, <u>rubella</u> (rubella is also called German measles)
 - meningococcal meningitis or septicemia
 - <u>scarlet fever</u> (if an outbreak or co-circulating chicken pox)
 - <u>tuberculosis (TB)</u>
 - typhoid
 - whooping cough (also called pertussis)

If you do need to contact your HPT, please contact DCAT Head of Operations and Governance prior to making the report so that you can prepare information in advance to help them to support you. Find out what information you need in What to expect from contacting your HPT.

For your local HPT, please click here.

6.4 Notifying parents

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In the normal course of events, it is not practical for the School to contact parents every time their child hurts themselves. The first aider will make a judgement as to whether the injury/illness is of sufficient seriousness to need further medical treatment or cause distress to the child if they were to remain at the School. Depending on the seriousness of the injury pupils will:

- Have their injury attended to and be sent back to class/play
- Others will be made aware the child has incurred an injury via an injury sticker.
- In the case of head bumps, parents will be contacted so they are aware of the injury in case of delayed concussion once the child gets home. Parents will be advised by an email from Medical tracker system and a bumped head sticker

Where a decision is made to contact the parents, the Front office team will inform parents of any accident or injury sustained by a pupil, and any first aid treatment given, on the same day, or as soon as reasonably practicable. Parents will also be informed if emergency services are called.

6.5 Reporting to DCAT, Ofsted and child protection agencies (early years only)

The Operations Manager will notify DCAT's Head of Operations and Governance by telephone, in the first instance of any serious accident, illness or injury to, or death of, a pupil while in the school's care. This will happen as soon as is reasonably practicable. The Head of Operations and Governance will then report the incident to Ofsted no later than 14 days after the incident.

The Trust will also notify local child protection agencies of any serious accident or injury to, or the death of, a pupil while in the school's care.

7. Training

It is the school's responsibility to identify the level of training each member of staff receives on First Aid. All staff are required to complete e-learning health and safety induction for staff via the Handsam system, which includes first aid and medicines information. Additionally, there is an e-learning module available on First Aid Awareness.

All first aiders must have completed a training course, and must hold a valid certificate of competence to show this. The school will keep a register of all trained first aiders, what training they have received and when this is valid until (see appendix I). All school staff are able to request to undertake first aid training if they would like to.

The school will arrange for first aiders to retrain before their first aid certificates expire. Schools have the option of using the e-learning module available by Handsam or making arrangements for inperson training. In cases where a certificate expires, the school will arrange for staff to retake the full first aid course before being reinstated as a first aider.

At all times, at least I staff member will have a current paediatric first aid (PFA) certificate which meets the requirements set out in the Early Years Foundation Stage statutory framework. The PFA certificate will be renewed every 3 years.

Induction

All staff are required to complete e learning health and safety induction for staff via the Handsam system, which includes first aid and medicines information. As part of induction all staff should be given school specific information on first aid information and procedures.

Mental Health First Aiders

The Trust encourages all schools to have a Mental Health First Aider who has undertaken appropriate training e.g, DfE or Local Authority.

8. Monitoring arrangements

This policy will be reviewed by the Head of Operations and Governance every year.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the Trust Board. Each school will be responsible for personalising this policy to their individual circumstances.

9. Links with other policies

This first aid policy is linked to the:

- Health and safety policy Policy on supporting pupils with medical conditions Off site and educational visits policy
- Lone working policyAdmin of Medicines

Appendix I: list of trained first aiders and educational visits co-ordinator (EVC)

Full first aiders	Expires
Sharron Barnett	11.1.25
Danika Buick	10.10.26
Karen Fitzgerald	30.11.25
David Fryers	21.4.24
Neely Henshaw	7.7.25
Steve McGowan	7.7.25
Holly Paulizky	8.12.24
Liston Willisonia	
Helen Wallbank	21.4.24

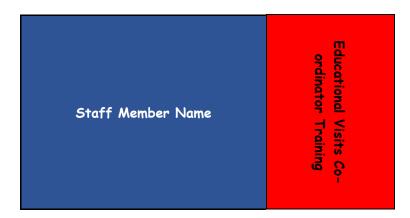
Emergency first aid at	
Work	Expres
Amanda Aukett	31.10.25
Danielle Bates	21.7.24
Leanne Beaumont	27.5.25
Tracey Bennett	21.7.24
Danika Buick	20.7.24
Rachel Cooper	27.5.25
Paula Durkin	31.10.25
Emma Evans	20.7.24
Zena Fairweather	27.5.25
Amie Field	31.10.25
David Fryers	21.7.24

Paediatric First aid 12	
hr	Expires
Amy Brown	6.10.24
David Fryers	6.10.24
Heidi Martin	1.02.26
Nicola Rose	6.10.24
Gemma Strivens	6.10.24
Sophie March	6.10.24

Administration of	
medicines	Expires
Sharron Barnett	25.10.25
Danielle Bates	24.10.25
Leanne Beaumont	31.10.25
Tracey Bennett	08.11.22
Amy Brown	31.10.25
Danika Buick	27.05.25
Rachel Cooper	14.10.25
Emma Evans	14.10.25
Zena Fairweather	13.10.25
Karen Fitzgerald	13.10.25
David Fryers	13.10.25
Neely Henshaw	25.3.25
Jaime Hallam	31.10.25

Jaime Hallon	27.5.25
Tamasin Johnson	31.10.25
Teresa Jordan	31.10.25
Rhiannon Langham	31.10.25
Kristina McDonald	31.10.25
Jason Morton	21.7.24
Natasha Palmer	27.5.25
Susan Phillips	27.5.25
Nicola Rose	27.5.25
Lucy Saxby	27.5.25
Gemma Strivens	31.10.25
Hayler Towner	20.7.24
Deborah Wade	27.5.25
Susie Wheeler	1.9.23
Clemmie Yarde	27.5.25

1	
Nicola Hodgson	19.10.25
Teresa Jordan	21.10.25
Sophie March	17.10.25
Steve McGowan	31.10.25
Jason Morton	31.5.24
Natasha Palmer	20.10.25
Holly Paulizky	27.5.25
Susan Phillips	21.10.25
Nicola Rose	02.05.25
Lucy Saxby	31.10.25
Gemma Strivens	30.10.25
Hayler Towner	30.10.25
Deborah Wade	28.10.25
Helen Wallbank	13.10.25
Clemmie Yarde	26.10.25



	Date Received	Update Due
Valerie Allen	Dec-21	Dec-24
Laura Blake	Nov-22	Nov-25
Rebecca Carr	Dec-21	Dec-24
Millie Coleman	Nov-22	Nov-25
Christina Dadson	Dec-21	Dec-24
Tom Glenn	Dec-21	Dec-24
Laura Godden	Dec-21	Dec-24
Karen Goodsell	Dec-21	Dec-24
Georgia Hall	Feb-23	Feb-26
Nicola Hodgson	Dec-21	Dec-24
Hannah Isden	Dec-21	Dec-24
Maria Kiniari	Dec-21	Dec-24
Chloe Laskey	Dec-21	Dec-24
Vanessa Lawson	Dec-21	Dec-24
Hannah McCullough	Dec-21	Dec-24
Jason Morton	Dec-21	Dec-24
Rachel Mould	Dec-21	Dec-24
Hilary O'Donnell	Dec-21	Dec-24
Teri Shackel	Feb-23	Feb-26
Joyce Smith	Oct-22	Oct-25
Katrien Snyman	Dec-21	Dec-24
Peter Trimmings	Dec-21	Dec-24

Carl Ward	Dec-21	Dec-24	l

The Educational Visits co-ordinator (EVC) is Maria Kiniari co Head teacher

Appendix 2: Suggested contents of first aid boxes

Our Medical room is the main source of medical stock all first aid boxes and bum bags are refilled from here, Helen Wallbank/ Karen Fitzgerald are responsible for reordering:

The first aid kits in the Deck, Harbour, Pier and Hall all contain the -

- A leaflet giving general advice on first aid
- 40 individually wrapped sterile adhesive dressings (assorted sizes)
- I Burns dressing
- 2 sterile eye pads
- 2 Finger dressings
- 2 individually wrapped triangular bandages (preferably sterile)
- 2 medium-sized individually wrapped sterile unmedicated wound dressings
- 2 large sterile individually wrapped unmedicated wound dressings
- 6 pairs of disposable gloves
- Ix foil blanket
- Ix resuscitation face shield
- 2x cleaning wipes

The following are based on the HSE's recommendation for a minimum travelling first aid kit -

- o A leaflet giving general advice on first aid
- o 6 individually wrapped sterile adhesive dressings
- o I large sterile unmedicated dressing
- o 2 triangular bandages individually wrapped and preferably sterile
- Individually wrapped moist cleansing wipes
- o 2 pairs of disposable gloves
- Information about the specific medical needs of pupils
- Parents' contact details

All first aid MDSA's have a first aid bum bag which contains

- First aid records to upload to medical tracker
- A pen
- A resuscitation face shield
- Eye wash
- A selection of medium size dressings
- A selection of plasters
- Tape
- Gloves and masks
- Nappy sacks for waste products
- Red Head bump stickers
- Blue "I hurt myself today, keep an eye on me" stickers

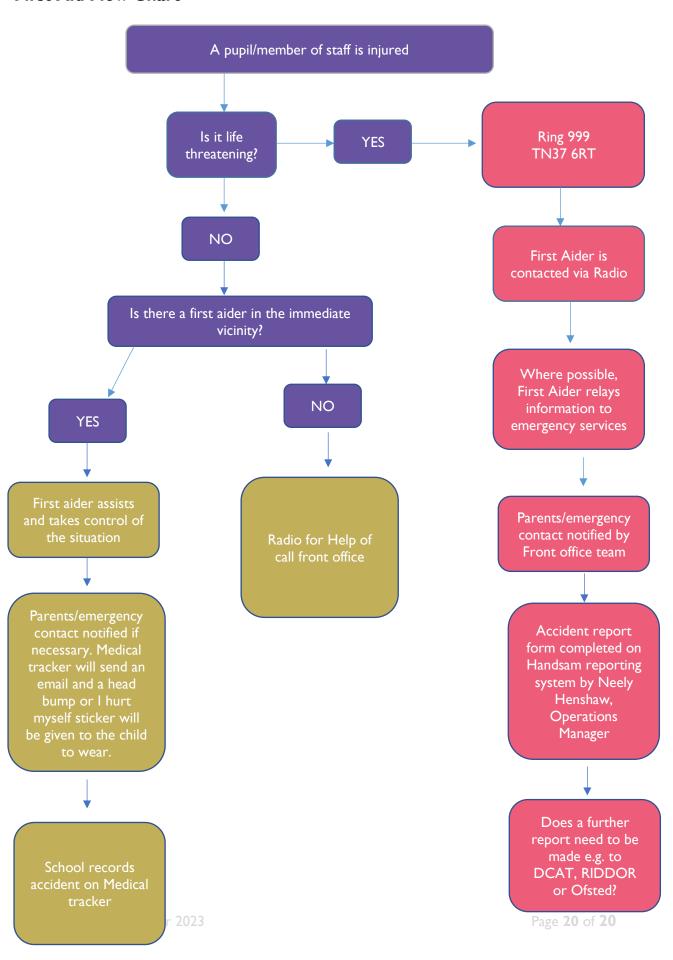
When transporting pupils using a minibus or coach, the transport provider is responsible for supplying their own first aid box and maintaining it. The school will make sure they have their own travel first aid kits on them at all times.

Appendix 3: St Paul's CE Academy first aid arrangements

CHECKLIST FOR MEDICAL FACILITIES ON SITE (HSE recommended requirements noted in bold)	√ / ×
Washing facilities with soap and hot and cold running water	
Located near to a toilet	
Drinking water and disposable cups available	
Foot-operated refuse containers, lined with disposable, yellow clinical waste bags or a container suitable for the safe disposal of clinical waste	
Washable surfaces	✓
Clean and tidy	
Adequate heating, ventilation and lighting	
Can be readily accessed at any time (even if used for other purposes)	
Positioned as near as possible to a point of access for transport to hospital	✓
Adequate privacy	
Telephone or other communication equipment	
Examination medical couch with enough space at each side for people to work	
Plenty of chairs to accommodate multiple people (there may be days when multiple people are taken ill, such as in the hot weather)	✓
A record for recording incidents attended by a first aider or appointed person	✓
Notice displaying names, location and, if appropriate, telephone extensions of first aiders and how to contact them	✓
Safe and secure storage for medication and first aid provision that is out of reach of pupils	✓
Ample first aid equipment that is in date	✓
Safe and secure fridge/freezer to store any medication that needs to be refrigerated, as well as ice packs for injuries	✓

Adequate supervision to ensure ill or injured pupils/staff are given assistance when needed	✓		
Details of Individual Healthcare Plans (IHPs) or Emergency Health Care Plans (EHC) accessible or signposted	×		
The following staff have access to the medical room and medicines:			
All staff			
The following provisions are in place for the needs of pupils with medical cond	itions:		
Information is uploaded to Arbor, teachers and front office are kept updated from parents. Children have access to the medical room or medicine as and when they require it.			
Children can access vital appointments whilst in school with health care professions attending site.			
This is regularly reviewed to ensure we are meeting their needs			
The following provisions are in place for the needs of staff with medical conditions:			
Staff would inform Tracy Webb who is our HR manager and provisions would be made based on the persons condition and risk assessment.			
This is regularly reviewed to ensure we are meeting their needs			
Medical room location:			
Next to front office			
Defibrillator Location			
In medical room			

First Aid Flow Chart



Appendix 4: Accident/Incident reporting information required

All accidents and incidents must be recorded on the Handsam system. Please see below the information that will be required.

ACCIDENT/INCIDENT REPORT – INFORMATION REQUIRED TO LOG ON HANDSAM INCIDENT LOG			
DCAT.HANDSAM.NET			
Details of Incident			
Date/time:			
Near Miss or Accident?:			
Type of Accident:			
Description of incident and			
events leading to it:			
Is this incident RIDDOR Reportable?	YES / NO		
If RIDDOR Reportable, who			
has reported to RIDDOR and			
what is the RIDDOR number?			
	s of Person(s) Affected		
On-site or off-site?:	S OF FEISON(S) Affected		
Specific location of Incident:			
Did the Incident Occur During			
a School Activity?:	YES / NO		
•			
Activity: Activity Leader:			
	s of Person(s) Affected		
Name(s):	s of Ferson(s) Affected		
Staff or pupil?:			
Class/form group:			
<u> </u>			
Age(s):			
Gender(s):	urios (typo of injury and hady nort)		
Details of Ally Illju	uries (type of injury and body part)		
Details o	f Any First Aid Treatment		
Details	TAILY FIRST AIR TTEATHIEIR		
By whom:			
Time:			
	No treatment		
Outcome:	Sent home/Parent Collection		
	Returned to Class		
	Stayed in Medical Room		

	Emergency Services		
	Resumed work		
Was the parent contacted?: If	YES / NO		
so, by whom and when	1237110		
Were the emergency services			
called? (If so, how long did			
they take to arrive?):			
Witnesses and witness			
statements:			
Action Taken Following the Incident			
Impacts			
Lessons Learnt			